SAFETY OBSERVATIONS QUALITY ASSESSMENT

Guidance on using this scorecard and rating a safety observation is provided on the reverse side.



	STATEMENT	WEIGHT	TRUE = 1 FALSE = 0	WEIGHTED SCORE
	EXAMPLE	2	0	2*0=0
1	Introduced themselves and stated the purpose of their visit.	3		
2	Asked open-ended questions to understand the tasks, environment, and controls.	5		
3	Inquired about any hazards that were not discussed during pre-job meeting.	4		
4	Used best practices to identify and prioritize life-threatening hazards.	4		
5	Confirmed the presence and adequacy of direct controls for all life- threatening hazards.	5		
6	Confirmed that the required documentation was completed for all life- threatening hazards and direct controls.	4		
7	Checked and verified the quality of required equipment and tools.	3		
8	Confirmed that workers have the resources they need to operate safely.	4		
9	Identified and discussed expected behavior associated with life- threatening hazards.	3		
10	Confirmed that workers followed any recommendations from previous assessments.	3		
11	Engaged in an active dialogue with workers about site safety.	3		
12	Provided coaching and/or positive reinforcement to the workers.	4		
13	Verified understanding of feedback provided by the workers by summarizing what was learned.	3		
14	Was attentive during the engagement.	3		
	TOTAL WEIGHTED SCORE (sum weighted scores for items 1 through 14)			

SAFETY OBSERVATIONS QUALITY ASSESSMENT

This page provides <u>example</u> characteristics of a high-quality safety observation. This is not a comprehensive list and the observer should use their best judgement when scoring.



ONSTRUCTION

1	Introduced themselves and stated the purpose of their visit.	Introduced themselves and described the purpose of the observation.	
2	Asked open-ended questions to understand the tasks, environment, and controls.	 Asked open-ended questions about the planned work, major steps involved, and anticipated outcomes. 	
3	Inquired about any hazards that were not discussed during pre-job meeting.	Asked open-ended questions of the workers to determine if and how the work process or environment has changed since the pre-job safety meeting.	
4	Used best practices to identify and prioritize life-threatening hazards.	 All hazards with potential to cause serious injury or fatality were identified using best practices (e.g., energy wheel, high-energy analysis). 	
5	Confirmed the presence and adequacy of direct controls for all life-threatening hazards.	 Confirmed that a direct control was available and functional for every life-threatening hazard. Verified that no changes to the direct controls were made without communication and approval. If a direct control is missing or inadequate, the work was stopped immediately and was not re-started until an adequate control was installed. Discussed and evaluated what safeguards are place in case a primary control fails. 	
6	Confirmed that the required documentation was completed for all life-threatening hazards and direct controls.	 Confirmed that all required inspections and verifications were completed. Confirmed that the workers had obtained required permits. Confirmed that required safety documentation was complete. 	
7	Checked and verified the quality of required equipment and tools.	 Visually verified that key tools and equipment are functioning properly. Discussed the appropriate methods for using key equipment. Reviewed documentation for any inspections of key equipment. 	
8	Confirmed that workers have the resources they need to operate safely.	 Discussed the availability of safety resources on site. Inquired about challenges workers face in acquiring safety resources. 	
9	Identified and discussed expected behavior associated with life-threatening hazards.	 Identified and discussed appropriate behaviors associated with life- threatening hazards (e.g., following safe work practices). 	
10	Confirmed that workers followed any recommendations from previous assessments.	 Asked front-line supervisors and workers to share the recommendations provided to them in previous observations. Asked front-line supervisors and workers how they responded to previous recommendations. 	
11	Engaged in an active dialogue with workers about site safety.	 Asked workers to share their general views about site safety. Shared observations of site safety with the workers. 	
12	Provided coaching and/or positive reinforcement to the workers.	 Provided positive reinforcement for positive observations. Provided coaching when deficiencies were observed. Suggested resources that may aid workers in working more safely. 	
13	Verified understanding of feedback provided by the workers by summarizing what was learned.	 Asked workers to share safety challenges they may be facing. Repeated the concerns shared and how they will be addressed. Thanked the workers for providing feedback. Provided workers with information on how to contact the upper management to share future feedback. 	
14	Was attentive during the engagement.	 Actively avoided any distractions like their phone or paperwork. Asked follow-up questions and verbally acknowledged what was shared. Addressed workers by their names. 	